## **Hearing Aid Direct Referral Form**

Please send this form to: Dept of Audiology, L36, Lister Hospital, Coreys Mill Lane, Stevenage, Herts, SG1 4AB

Patients Details:		
Surname:	Forename:	
Date of birth:		
Hospital Number:	NHS Number:	
Address:		
	Postcode:	
Home Tel:	_ Mobile Tel:	
Referring GP Details:		
GP Name:		
Surgery address:		
Surgery Tel:	Surgery Fax:	
Clinical Details: (Please tick boxes) Al	l criteria must be met otherwise please refer to ENT.	
The patient is over 60 years old Both ears are free of wax No Tinnitus No Otalgia No Vertigo No evidence of middle ear infectio Weber test is central (No unilateral Rinne test is positive (Air conducti No sudden onset of hearing loss  Other Clinical Notes	hearing loss)	

## If a patient fails to meet the Hearing Aid Direct Referral criteria please send an ENT referral

## G.P. Guidelines for the Direct Referral of hearing aid patients

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- I. Must be over 55 years old
- II. Must be seen by a GP and ears de-waxed
- III. Referral can only be for a hearing aid

Direct Referral will be booked into an ENT clinic for the following reasons and returned to the DR pathway once ENT have investigated / treated any referring symptoms.

- I. Excessive wax
- II. Perforated eardrum
- III. Discharging ears
- IV. Pain
- V. Vertigo not associated with age / mobility impairment
- VI. Sudden Onset Hearing Loss
- VII. Sudden deterioration of pre existing hearing loss
- VIII. Fluctuating hearing loss other than due to colds
  - IX. Asymmetric hearing loss
  - X. Any other unusual presenting features

If the patient fails to meet the Hearing Aid Direct Referral criteria please send an ENT referral

## **ENT Referable Conditions for Hearing Aid Direct Referrals**

The list below is the criteria followed by audiologists in deciding if an ENT opinion must be sought

- i. Whole or partial obstruction of ear canal which prevent impression taking and close examination of the tympanic membrane.
- ii. Abnormal appearance of tympanic membrane and / or outer ear.
- iii. Earache
- iv. Discharge
- v. Vertigo
- vi. Tinnitus, which is causing patient distress.
- vii. Hearing loss that may be associated with noise exposure within the last 5 years.
- viii. Conductive hearing loss 25db air/bone gap at 2 or more frequencies in the 500 4000Hz range.
  - ix. Unilateral or asymmetrical hearing loss with a 25db difference between the left & right BC results in at 2 or more frequencies in the 500 4000Hz range.
  - x. Sudden hearing loss (24hrs).
  - xi. Rapid hearing loss (90 days).
- xii. Sudden, rapid or recent worsening of an existing hearing loss. Indicated by an AC difference of 20db at 2 or more frequencies in the 500 4000Hz range when comparing 2 audiograms taken within 24 months.
- xiii. Fluctuating hearing loss not associated with head colds.
- xiv. Premature hearing loss (18 40yo). The loss in either ear should not be greater than 30db in either ear at 2 or more frequencies in the 500 4000Hz range.
- xv. Poorer speech discrimination than would typically be associated with a patients level of hearing.
- xvi. Patients under the age of 18 years old (Private) or under 60 years old (NHS)